



Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

Arizona Basin Outlook Report February 1, 2014



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Basin Outlook Reports And Federal – State – Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in Arizona originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated Snow Telemetry (SNOTEL) sites, along with precipitation and streamflow values, are used in statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) the National Weather Service, and the Salt River Project.

Forecasts of any kind are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertainty of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known. This is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or are concerned about having an adequate water supply, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts. On the other hand, if users anticipate receiving too much water, or are concerned about the threat of flooding, they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts. Regardless of the forecast value users choose, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water.



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ARIZONA Basin Outlook Report as of February 1, 2014

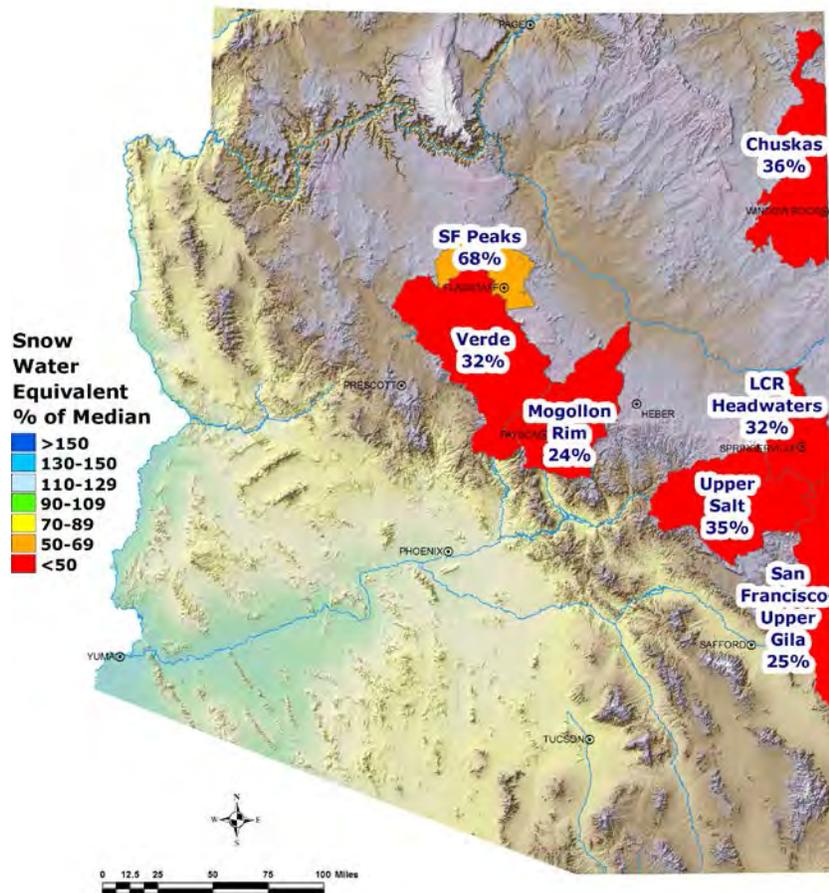
SUMMARY

As of February 1, snowpack levels are well below normal in all basins. Precipitation for the month of January was well below average in the mountains. The Salt and Verde River reservoir system now stands at 56 percent of capacity, while San Carlos Reservoir is at 15 percent of capacity. The forecast calls for well below normal runoff in all of the basins for the spring runoff period.

SNOWPACK

Snow water equivalent levels are well below normal in all of the major river basins, ranging from 25 percent of median in the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin to 35 percent of median in the Salt River Basin. There was no measurable snowpack accumulation at any of the state's snow monitoring stations until the last day of January. The statewide snowpack is currently also well below normal at 35 percent of median.

**Arizona
Snow Water Equivalent
as of February 1, 2014**

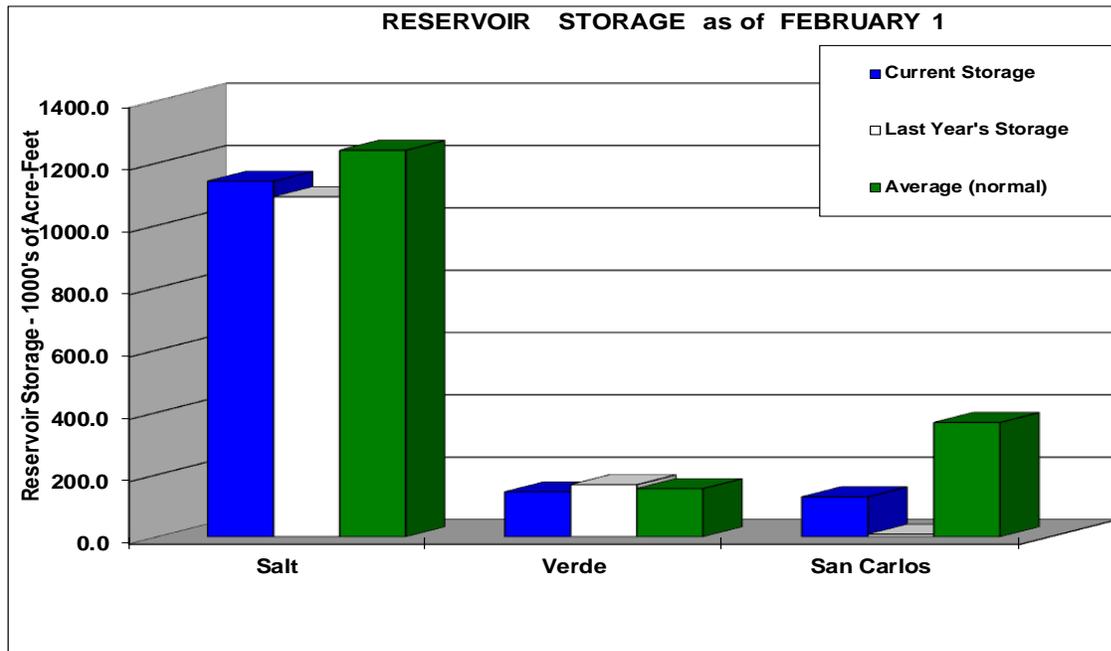


PRECIPITATION

Mountain data from NRCS SNOTEL sites and NWS Cooperator gages show that January precipitation was exceptionally below normal, ranging from three percent of average in the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin to six percent of average in the Salt and Verde River Basins. Cumulative precipitation since October 1 is also well below normal in all basins. Please refer to the precipitation bar graphs found in this report for more information on precipitation levels in the basins.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of February 1, the Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 56 percent of capacity. San Carlos Reservoir is well below normal at only 15 percent of capacity.



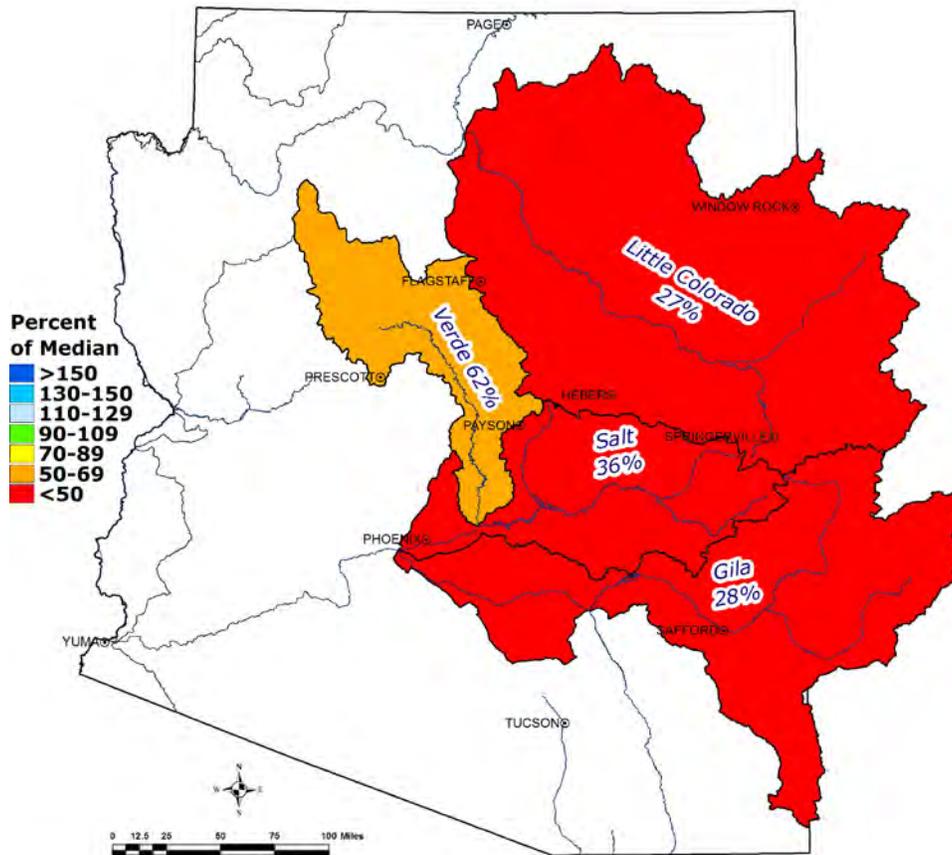
Key storage volumes displayed in thousands of acre-feet (x1000):

<u>Reservoir</u>	<u>Current Storage</u>	<u>Last Year Storage</u>	<u>30-Year Average</u>	<u>Storage Capacity</u>
Salt River System	1140.9	1091.1	1240.0	2025.8
Verde River System	144.0	167.2	154.4	287.4
San Carlos Reservoir	128.2	8.3	366.8	875.0
Lyman Lake	9.1	4.4	12.3	30.0
Lake Havasu	547.8	580.2	556.4	619.0
Lake Mohave	1640.0	1649.8	1676.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	12543.0	13828.0	20452.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	9819.0	12190.0	17338.0	24322.0

STREAMFLOW

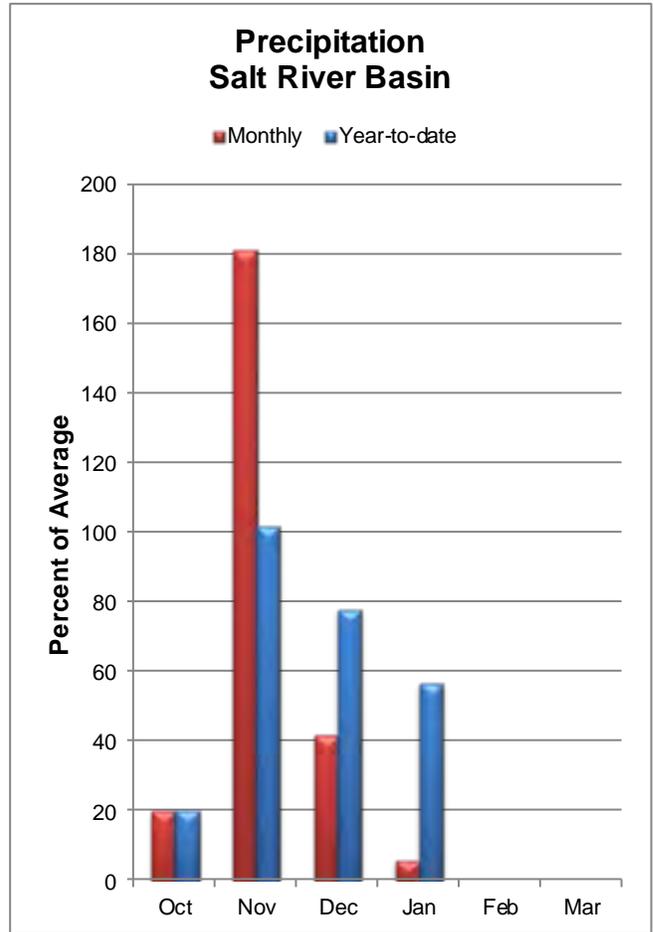
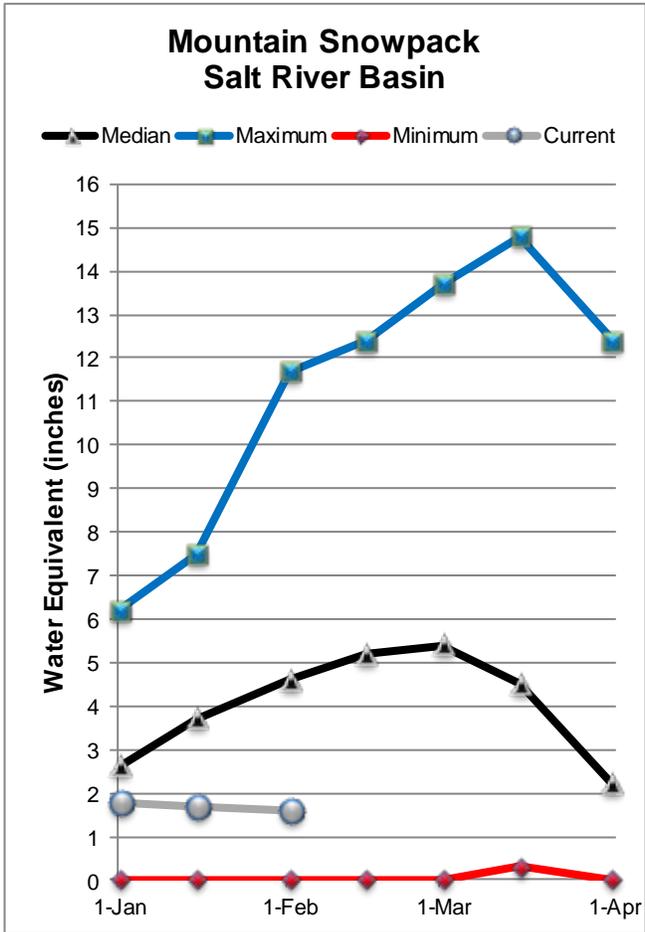
As of February 1, the forecast calls for well below normal streamflow for the spring runoff period in all of the state's major river systems, ranging from 27 percent of median in the Little Colorado River above Lyman Lake to 62 percent of median in the Verde River above Horseshoe Dam. Due to the lack of precipitation in January and the outlook for below normal conditions to continue, the streamflow predictions are further reduced for all forecast points. Please refer to the basin forecast tables found in this report for more information regarding water supply forecasts.

Arizona Spring Streamflow Forecasts as of February 1, 2014



SALT RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2014

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Salt River, near Roosevelt, the forecast calls for 36% of median streamflow through May, while at Tonto Creek, the forecast calls for 40% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Salt snowpack to be at 35% of median.



**Salt River Basin
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014**

SALT RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast						30yr Avg (KAF)
		90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	
Salt R nr Roosevelt ³	FEB-MAY	37	72	104	36%	145	220	285
	FEB			13	33%			39
	MAR-MAY	29	58	85	35%	121	188	240
Tonto Ck ab Gun Ck nr Roosevelt ³	FEB-MAY	1.6	7	14	40%	25	49	35
	FEB			2	19%			10.3

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

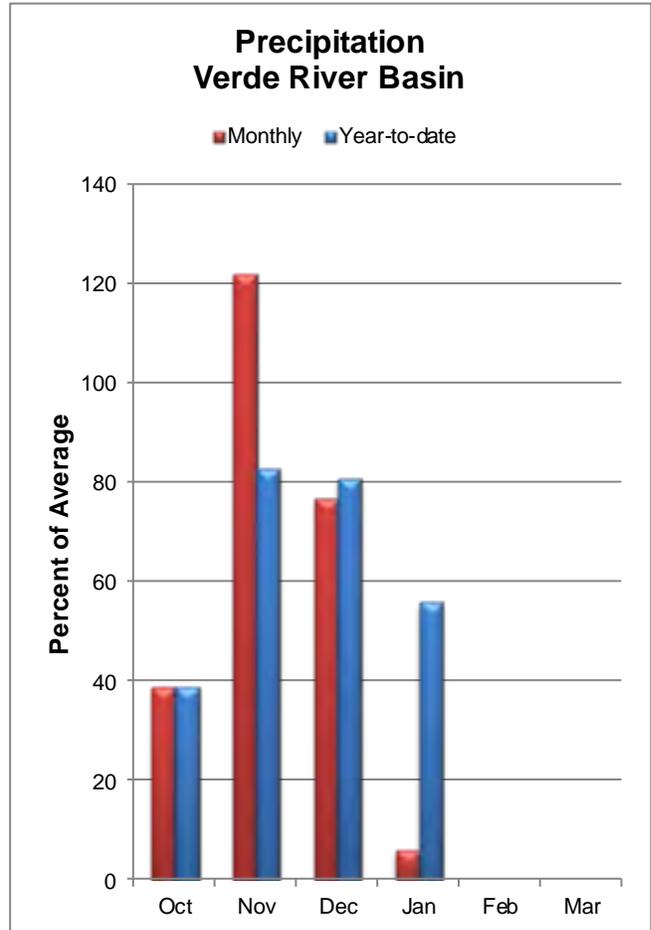
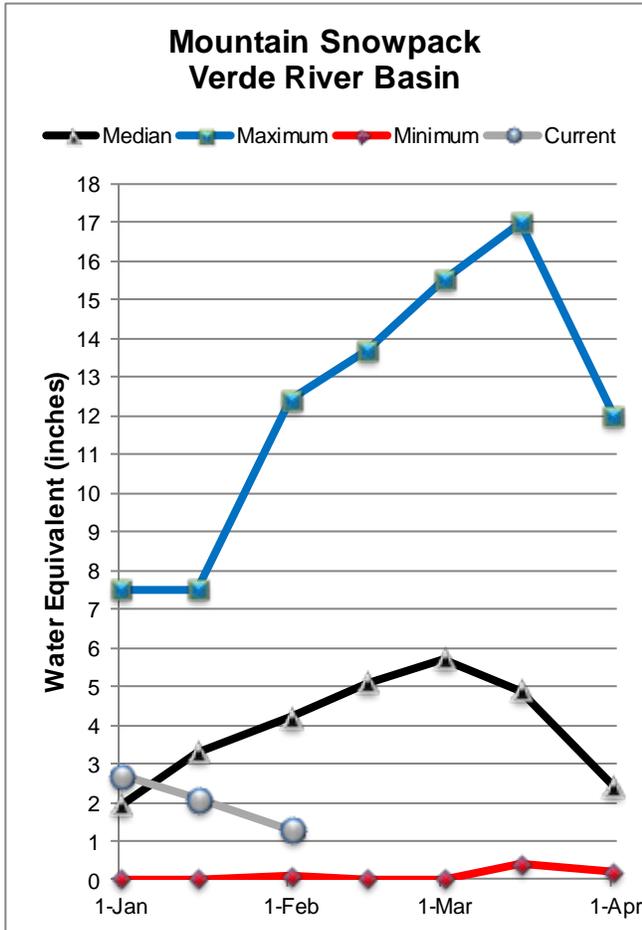
3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
SALT RIVER RESERVOIR SYSTEM	1140.9	1091.1	1240.0	2025.8
Basin-wide Total	1140.9	1091.1	1240.0	2025.8
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SALT RIVER BASIN	12	32%	90%

VERDE RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2014

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Verde River, at Horseshoe Dam, the forecast calls for 62% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Verde snowpack to be at 32% of median.



**Verde River Basin
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014**

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

VERDE RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Verde R bl Tangle Ck ab Horseshoe Dam ³	FEB-MAY	25	54	84	62%	122	199	136
	FEB			18	51%			35

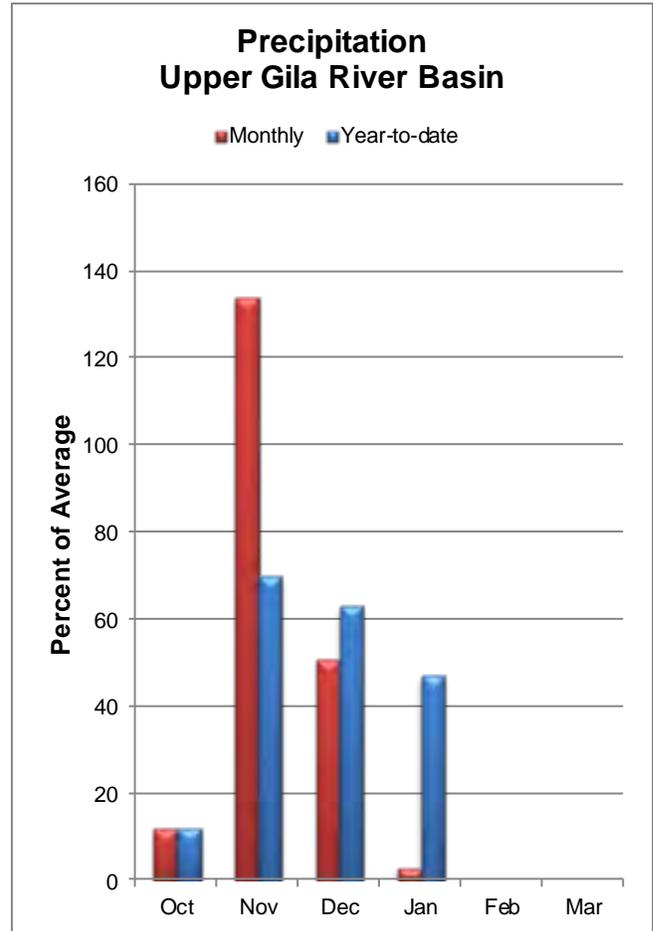
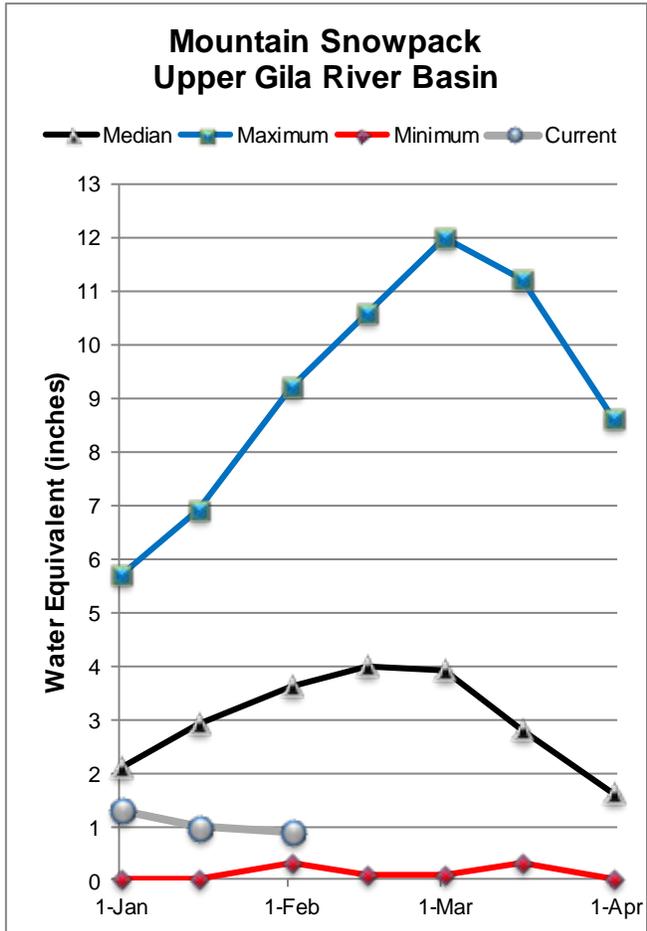
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
VERDE RIVER RESERVOIR SYSTEM	144.0	167.2	154.4	287.4
Basin-wide Total	144.0	167.2	154.4	287.4
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
VERDE RIVER BASIN	12	30%	99%

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2014

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the San Francisco River, at Clifton, the forecast calls for 43% of median streamflow levels through May. In the Gila River, near Solomon, the forecast calls for 28% of median streamflow levels through May. At San Carlos Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at only 19% of median through May. Snow survey measurements show the snowpack for this basin to be at 25% of median.



San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Gila R at Gila ³	FEB-MAY	11	12	14	28%	20	33	50
Gila R bl Blue Ck nr Virden ³	FEB-MAY	10	12	16	25%	29	54	63
San Francisco R at Glenwood ³	FEB-MAY	3	4.8	8	44%	12.5	22	18.2
San Francisco R at Clifton ³	FEB-MAY	9	12.1	22	43%	35	60	51
Gila R nr Solomon ³	FEB-MAY	18	25	34	28%	59	107	123
	FEB			11.8	51%			23
San Carlos Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	0	2.4	15	19%	38	92	81

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

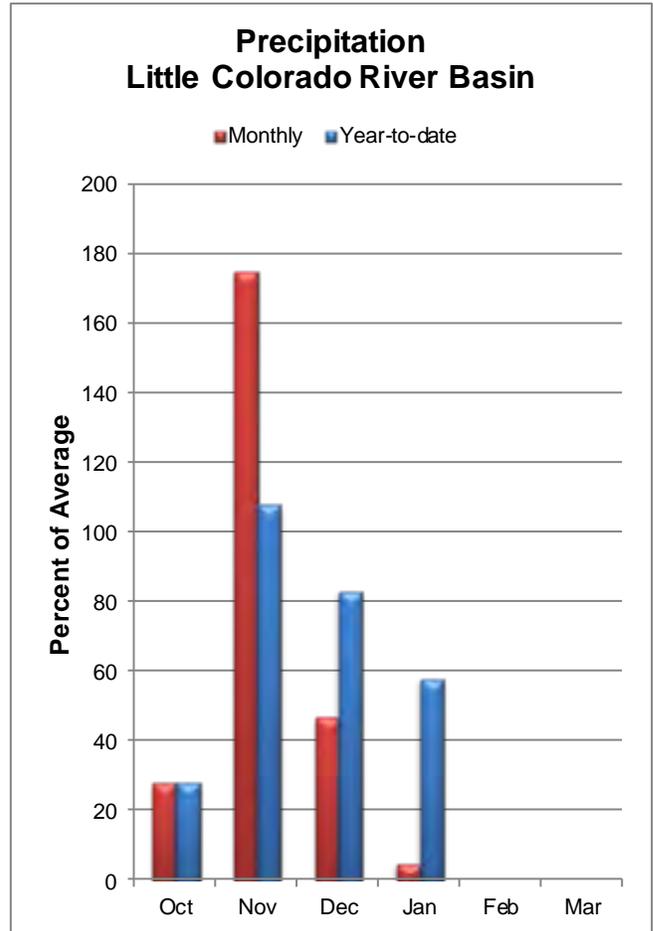
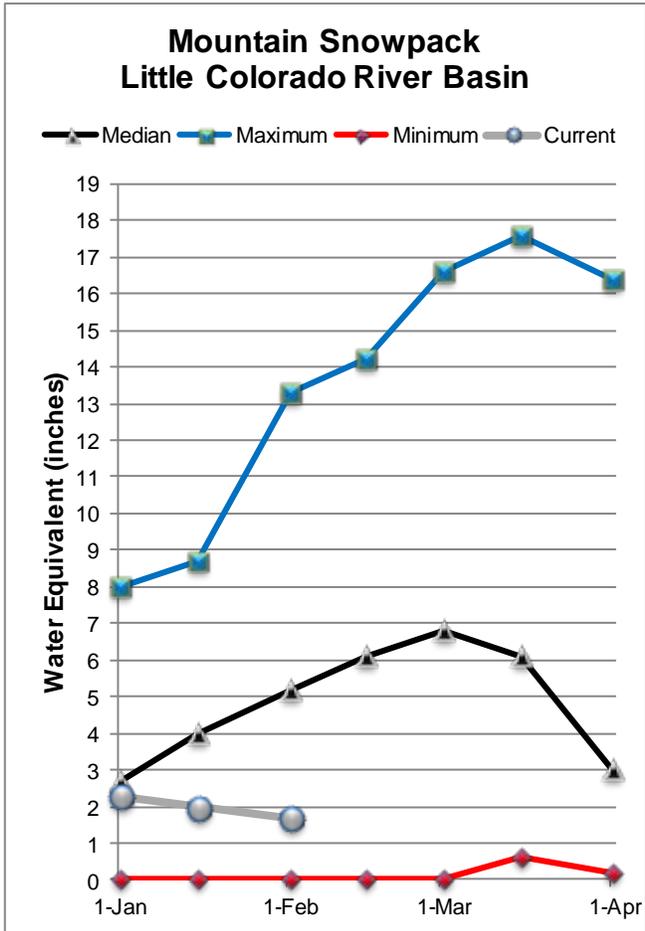
3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
SAN CARLOS RESERVOIR	128.2	8.3	366.8	875.0
Basin-wide Total	128.2	8.3	366.8	875.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	11	25%	68%

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2014

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Little Colorado River, above Lyman Lake, the forecast calls for 27% of median streamflow through June. At Blue Ridge (C.C. Cragin) Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 25% of median through May. Snowpacks along the southern headwaters of the Little Colorado River, and along the central Mogollon Rim, were measured at 32% and 24% of median, respectively.



Little Colorado River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Little Colorado R ab Lyman Lake ³	FEB-JUN	0.51	1.15	1.81	27%	2.7	4.4	6.6
Rio Nutria nr Ramah ³	FEB-MAY	0	0.11	0.35	25%	0.82	2.1	1.4
Ramah Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	0	0.01	0.19	25%	0.65	1.83	0.77
Zuni R ab Black Rock Reservoir ³	FEB-MAY	0	0.01	0.16	42%	0.69	2.7	0.38
Blue Ridge Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	0.45	1.97	4	25%	7	13.8	16.3
Lake Mary Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	0.38	0.92	1.5	35%	2.3	3.8	4.3

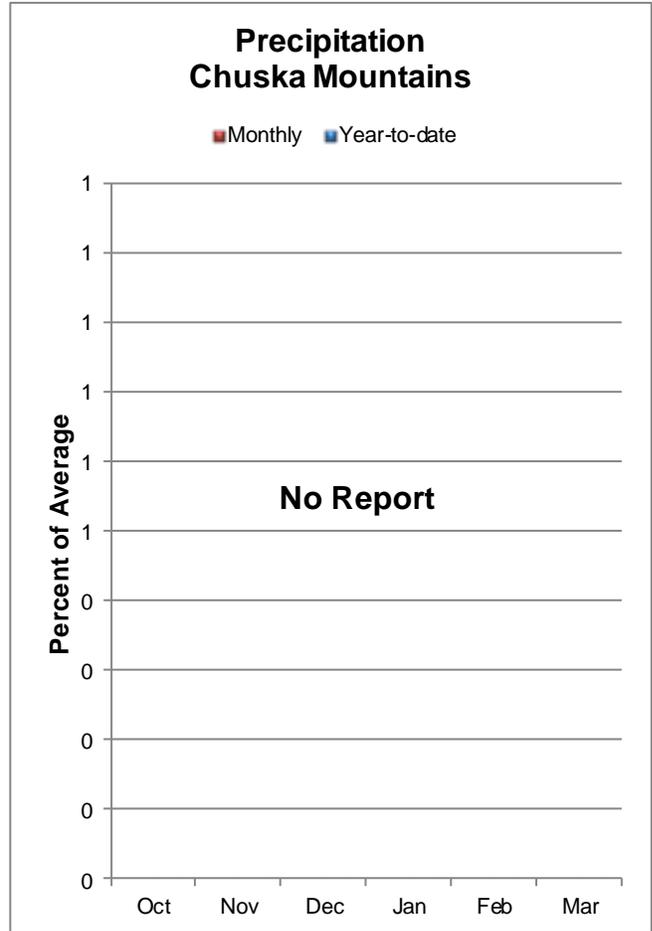
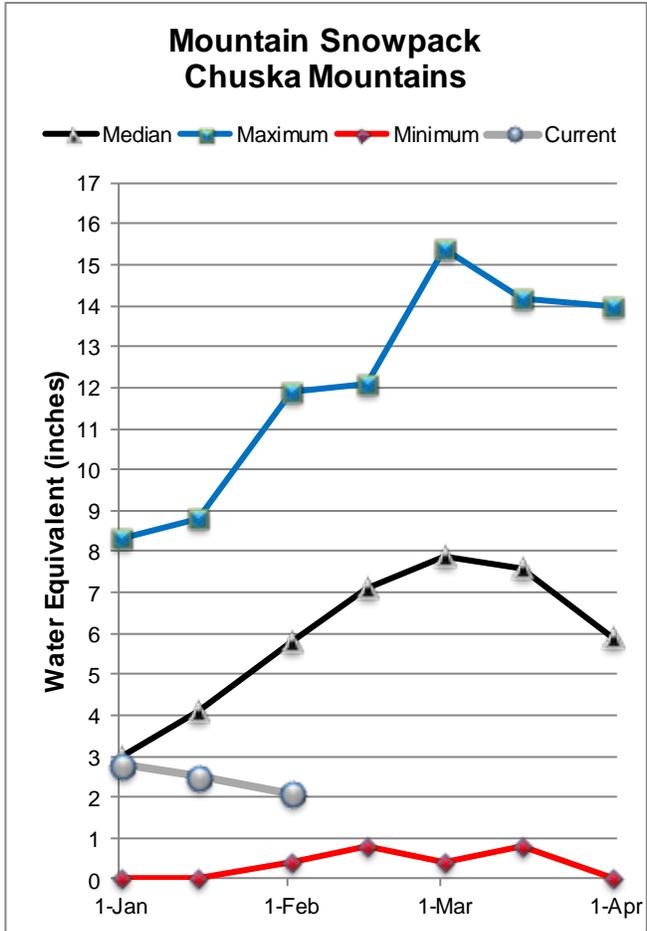
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
LYMAN RESERVOIR	9.1	4.4	12.3	30.0
Basin-wide Total	9.1	4.4	12.3	30.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	10	32%	93%
CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	4	24%	93%

CHUSKA MOUNTAINS as of February 1, 2014

Snow survey measurements conducted by staff of the Navajo Nation Water Management Branch show the Chuska snowpack to be at 36% of median. Well below normal (average) runoff is forecast for Wheatfields Creek, Captain Tom Wash, Bowl Canyon Creek, and Kinlichee Creek.



**Chuska Mountains
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014**

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

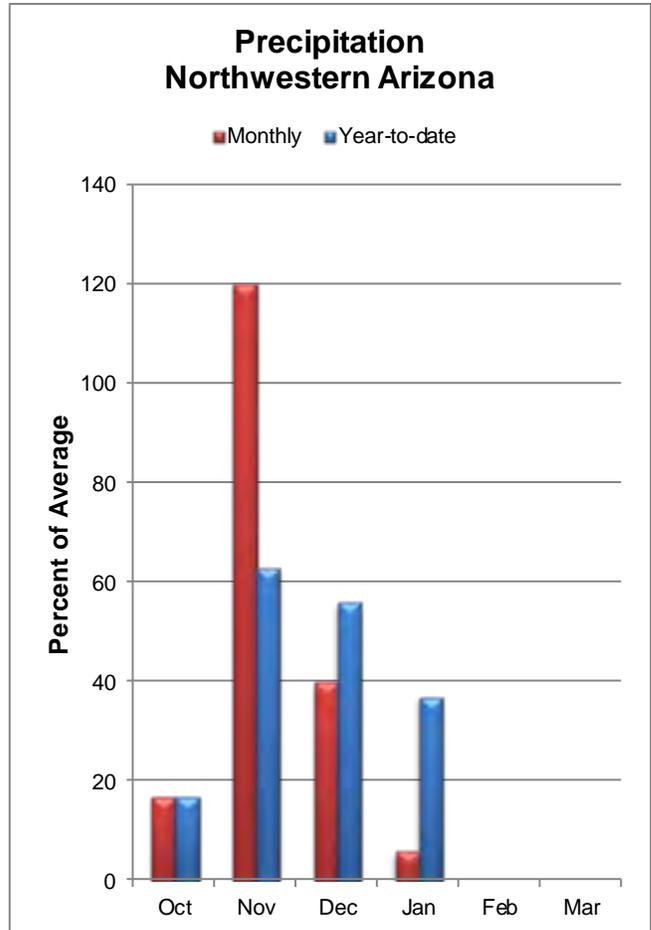
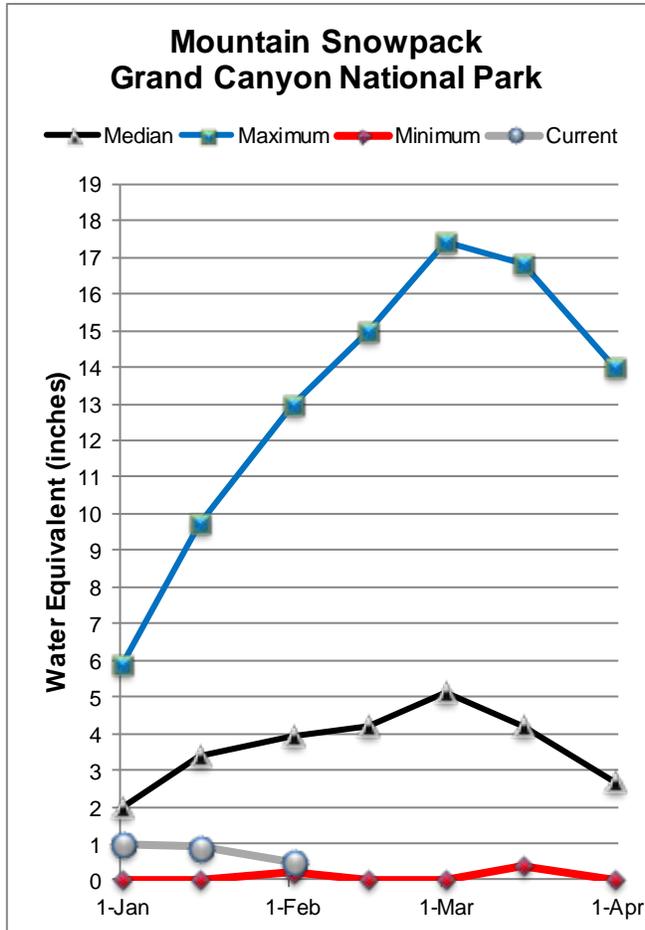
CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Captain Tom Wash nr Two Gray Hills	MAR-MAY	0.1	0.12	0.4	15%	0.95	2.5	2.6
Wheatfields Ck nr Wheatfields	MAR-MAY	0.4	0.6	1	48%	1.5	2.4	2.1
Bowl Canyon Ck ab Asaayi Lake	MAR-MAY	0.25	0.38	0.62	48%	0.93	1.49	1.3
Kinlichee Ck	MAR-MAY	0.1	0.15	0.2	13%	0.59	1.76	1.52

- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	6	36%	105%
DEFIANCE PLATEAU	2	10%	110%

NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA as of February 1, 2014

On the Colorado River, near normal inflow to Lake Powell is forecast at 94% of the 30-year average for the forecast period April-July. At the Grand Canyon, measurements conducted by park rangers show the snowpack to be at 12% of median.



Northwestern Arizona Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2014

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Virgin R at Littlefield	APR-JUL	2.9	13.3	25	38%	39	67	65
Lake Powell Inflow ²	APR-JUL	3870	5460	6700	94%	8060	10300	7160

- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
LAKE HAVASU	547.8	580.2	556.4	619.0
LAKE MOHAVE	1640.0	1649.8	1676.0	1810.0
LAKE MEAD	12543.0	13828.0	20452.0	26159.0
LAKE POWELL	9819.0	12190.0	17338.0	24322.0
Basin-wide Total	24549.8	28248.0	40022.4	52910.0
# of reservoirs	4	4	4	4

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2014	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	2	12%	88%

Basinwide Summary: February 1, 2014
(Averages/Medians based on 1981-2010 reference period)

Snowpack Summary for February 1, 2014

Map Num	SALT RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
5	BALDY	SNOTEL	9125'	7	2.9	6.4	45%	5.8	91%
7	BEAVER HEAD	SNOTEL	7990'	3	1.6	3.4	47%	2.0	59%
8	BEAVER HEAD	SC	8000'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.3	65%
12	BUCK SPRING	SC	7400'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.8	90%
16	CORONADO TRAIL	SNOTEL	8400'	0	0.0	3.2	0%	2.5	78%
17	CORONADO TRAIL	SC	8350'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.2	60%
19	FORT APACHE	SC	9160'	11	2.6	6.8	38%	6.7	99%
24	HANNAGAN MEADOWS	SNOTEL	9020'	12	3.7	8.3	45%	7.3	88%
29	MAVERICK FORK	SNOTEL	9200'	9	2.8	6.8	41%	6.4	94%
34	NUTRIOSO	SC	8500'	0	0.0	1.2	0%	0.7	58%
35	NUTRIOSO	SNOTEL	8500'	0	0.0			0.6	
42	WILDCAT	SNOTEL	7850'	0	0.4	3.0	13%	3.3	110%
44	WORKMAN CREEK	SNOTEL	6900'	6	1.8	4.5	40%	5.5	122%
Basin Index							35%		90%
# of sites							12		12

Map Num	VERDE RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	BAKER BUTTE	SNOTEL	7300'	2	0.4	4.3	9%	3.0	70%
3	BAKER BUTTE NO. 2	SC	7700'	12	3.1	6.9	45%	6.4	93%
4	BAKER BUTTE SMT	SNOTEL	7700'	15	5.1			7.1	
6	BAR M	SNOTEL	6393'	1	0.3			1.7	
13	CHALENDER	SC	7100'	0	0.2	1.8	11%	1.2	67%
14	CHALENDER	SNOTEL	7100'	2	1.2			1.8	
20	FORT VALLEY	SC	7350'	0	0.0	1.8	0%	2.0	111%
21	FORT VALLEY	SNOTEL	7350'	1	0.5			1.7	
22	FRY	SNOTEL	7200'	14	3.6	5.0	72%	4.0	80%
25	HAPPY JACK	SNOTEL	7630'	11	3.4	3.8	89%	5.7	150%
26	HAPPY JACK	SC	7630'	1	0.2	3.2	6%	3.7	116%
30	MORMON MOUNTAIN	SNOTEL	7500'	1	0.9	4.0	23%	4.9	123%
31	MORMON MOUNTAIN SUMMIT #2	SC	8470'			7.7		8.6	112%
32	MORMON MTN SUMMIT	SNOTEL	8500'	12	3.4			6.8	
33	NEWMAN PARK	SC	6750'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.1	55%
41	WHITE HORSE LAKE	SNOTEL	7180'	0	0.0	3.4	0%	2.5	74%
43	WILLIAMS SKI RUN	SC	7720'	12	3.1	5.6	55%	5.8	104%
Basin Index							32%		99%
# of sites							12		12

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO PEAKS	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
37	SNOW BOWL #2	SC	11200'	20	5.4	11.6	47%	11.4	98%
38	SNOWSLIDE CANYON	SNOTEL	9730'	37	9.3	10.0	93%	12.5	125%
Basin Index							68%		111%
# of sites							2		2

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
8	BEAVER HEAD	SNOTEL	7990'	3	1.6	3.4	47%	2.0	59%
9	BEAVER HEAD	SC	8000'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.3	65%
16	CORONADO TRAIL	SNOTEL	8400'	0	0.0	3.2	0%	2.5	78%
17	CORONADO TRAIL	SC	8350'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.2	60%
	FRISCO DIVIDE	SNOTEL	8000'	4	1.4	2.5	56%	1.5	60%
24	HANNAGAN MEADOWS	SNOTEL	9020'	12	3.7	8.3	45%	7.3	88%
	HUMMINGBIRD - AERIAL AND SNOW COURSE	SC	10550'			8.9		8.1	91%
	LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN	SNOTEL	8500'	0	0.3	2.3	13%	1.2	52%
34	NUTRIOSO	SC	8500'	0	0.0	1.2	0%	0.7	58%
35	NUTRIOSO	SNOTEL	8500'	0	0.0			0.6	
	SIGNAL PEAK	SNOTEL	8360'	1	0.0	3.9	0%	1.8	46%
	SILVER CREEK DIVIDE	SNOTEL	9000'	7	1.5	6.1	25%	4.5	74%
	STATE LINE	SC	8000'	2	0.6	1.8	33%	0.8	44%
	WHITewater - AERIAL AND SNOW COURSE	SC	10750'			17.8		14.8	83%
Basin Index							25%		68%
# of sites							11		11

Map Num	LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	BAKER BUTTE	SNOTEL	7300'	2	0.4	4.3	9%	3.0	70%
3	BAKER BUTTE NO. 2	SC	7700'	12	3.1	6.9	45%	6.4	93%
4	BAKER BUTTE SMT	SNOTEL	7700'	15	5.1			7.1	
6	BALDY	SNOTEL	9125'	7	2.9	6.4	45%	5.8	91%
12	BUCK SPRING	SC	7400'	0	0.0	2.0	0%	1.8	90%
15	CHEESE SPRINGS	SC	8700'	7	1.2	4.2	29%	3.4	81%
19	FORT APACHE	SC	9160'	11	2.6	6.8	38%	6.7	99%
27	HEBER	SNOTEL	7640'	0	0.0	4.6	0%	3.6	78%
28	LAKE MARY	SC	6930'	5	1.8	3.0	60%	2.8	93%
29	MAVERICK FORK	SNOTEL	9200'	9	2.8	6.8	41%	6.4	94%
36	PROMONTORY	SNOTEL	7930'	5	2.0	7.2	28%	8.5	118%
Basin Index							32%		93%
# of sites								10	10

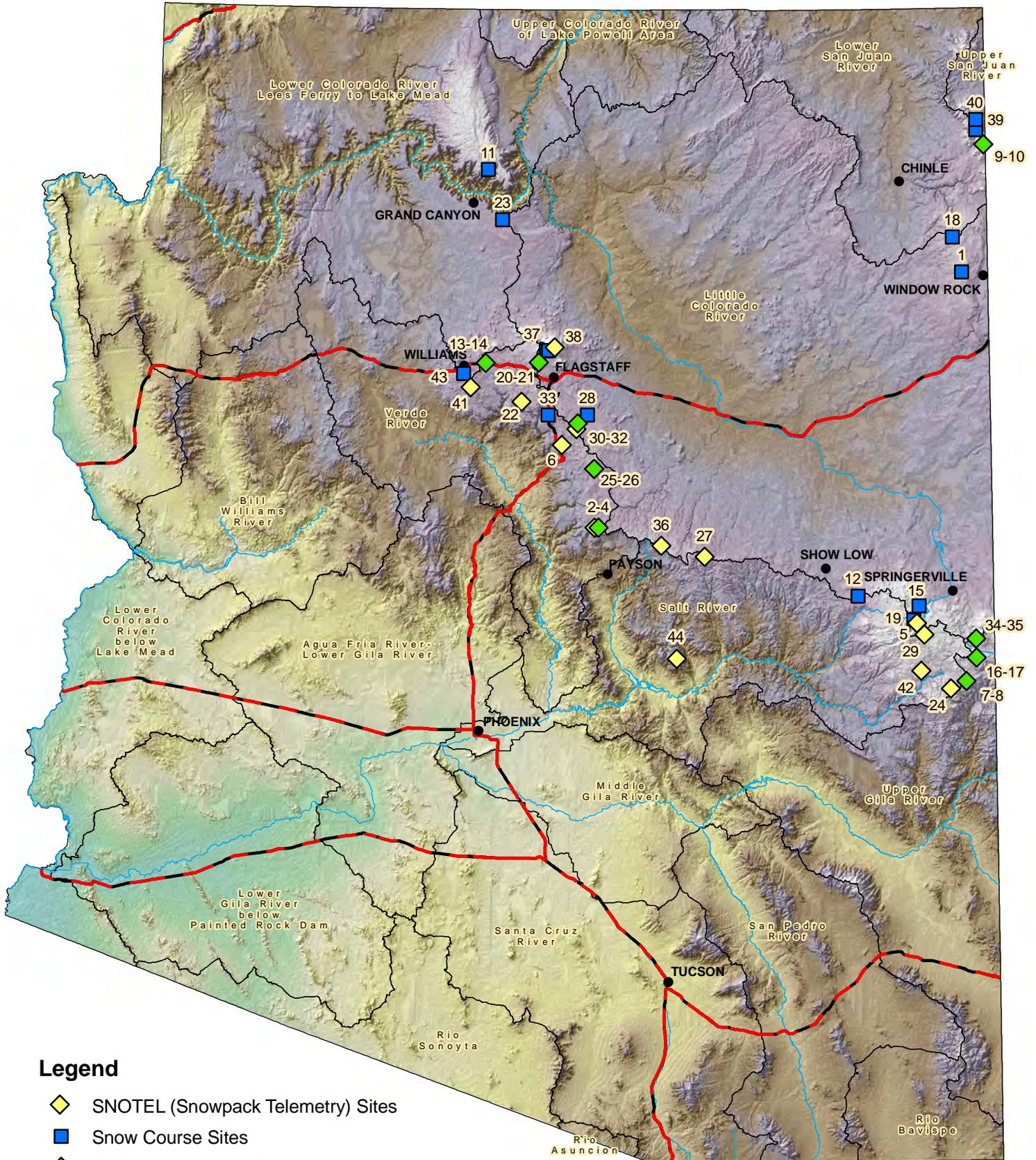
Map Num	CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	BAKER BUTTE	SNOTEL	7300'	2	0.4	4.3	9%	3.0	70%
3	BAKER BUTTE NO. 2	SC	7700'	12	3.1	6.9	45%	6.4	93%
4	BAKER BUTTE SMT	SNOTEL	7700'	15	5.1			7.1	
27	HEBER	SNOTEL	7640'	0	0.0	4.6	0%	3.6	78%
36	PROMONTORY	SNOTEL	7930'	5	2.0	7.2	28%	8.5	118%
Basin Index							24%		93%
# of sites								4	4

Map Num	CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
9	BEAVER SPRING	SC	9220'	8	2.2	7.7	29%	7.7	100%
10	BEAVER SPRING	SNOTEL	9200'	11	3.4			8.3	
	BOWL CANYON	SC	8980'	10	2.2	5.8	38%	6.4	110%
	HIDDEN VALLEY	SC	8480'	6	1.1			5.9	
	MISSIONARY SPRING	SC	7940'	0	0.0	3.6	0%	2.8	78%
39	TSAILE CANYON #1	SC	8160'	10	2.3	4.8	48%	5.0	104%
40	TSAILE CANYON #3	SC	8920'	12	3.0	6.3	48%	6.9	110%
	WHISKEY CREEK	SC	9050'	11	2.8	6.3	44%	7.3	116%
	NAVAJO WHISKEY CK	SNOTEL	9050'	4	1.4			6.8	
Basin Index							36%		105%
# of sites								6	6

Map Num	DEFIANCE PLATEAU	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
1	ARBABS FOREST	SC	7680'	1	0.1	2.2	5%	3.0	136%
18	FLUTED ROCK	SC	7800'	2	0.4	2.6	15%	2.3	88%
Basin Index							10%		110%
# of sites								2	2

Map Num	NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Network	Elevation	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
11	BRIGHT ANGEL	SC	8400'	3	0.9	5.4	17%	6.3	117%
23	GRAND CANYON	SC	7500'	0	0.0	2.3	0%	0.5	22%
Basin Index							12%		88%
# of sites								2	2

Arizona Snow Survey Data Sites



Legend

-  SNOTEL (Snowpack Telemetry) Sites
-  Snow Course Sites
-  SNOTEL and Snow Course Sites
-  Basin Boundaries

